

Webcam Imagery for Rip Current Forecasting

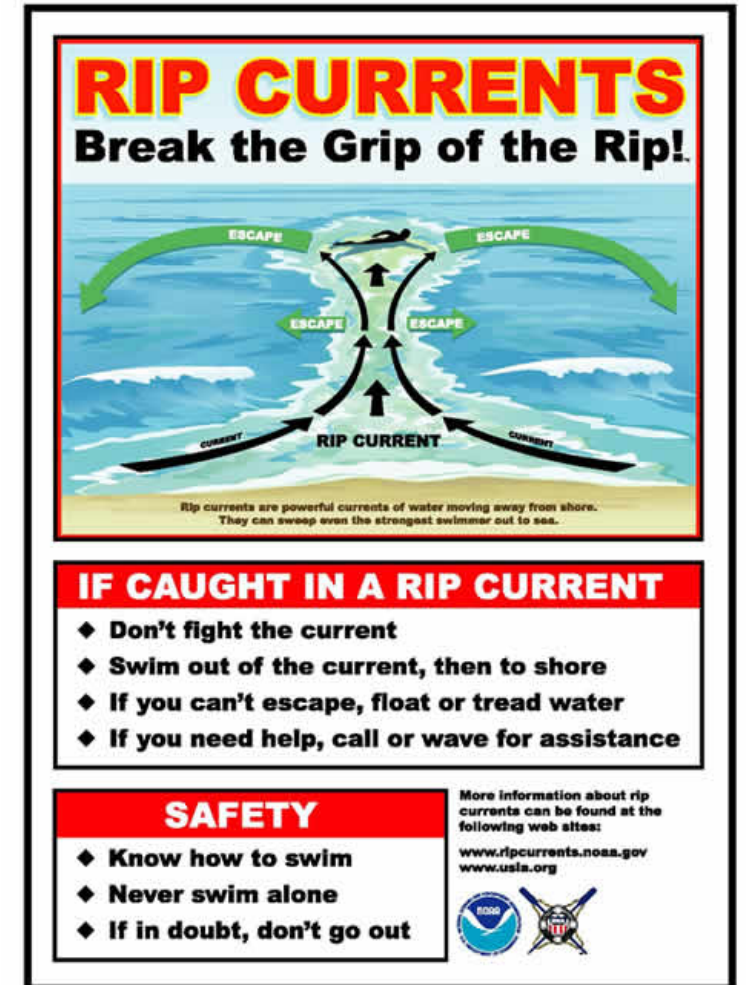
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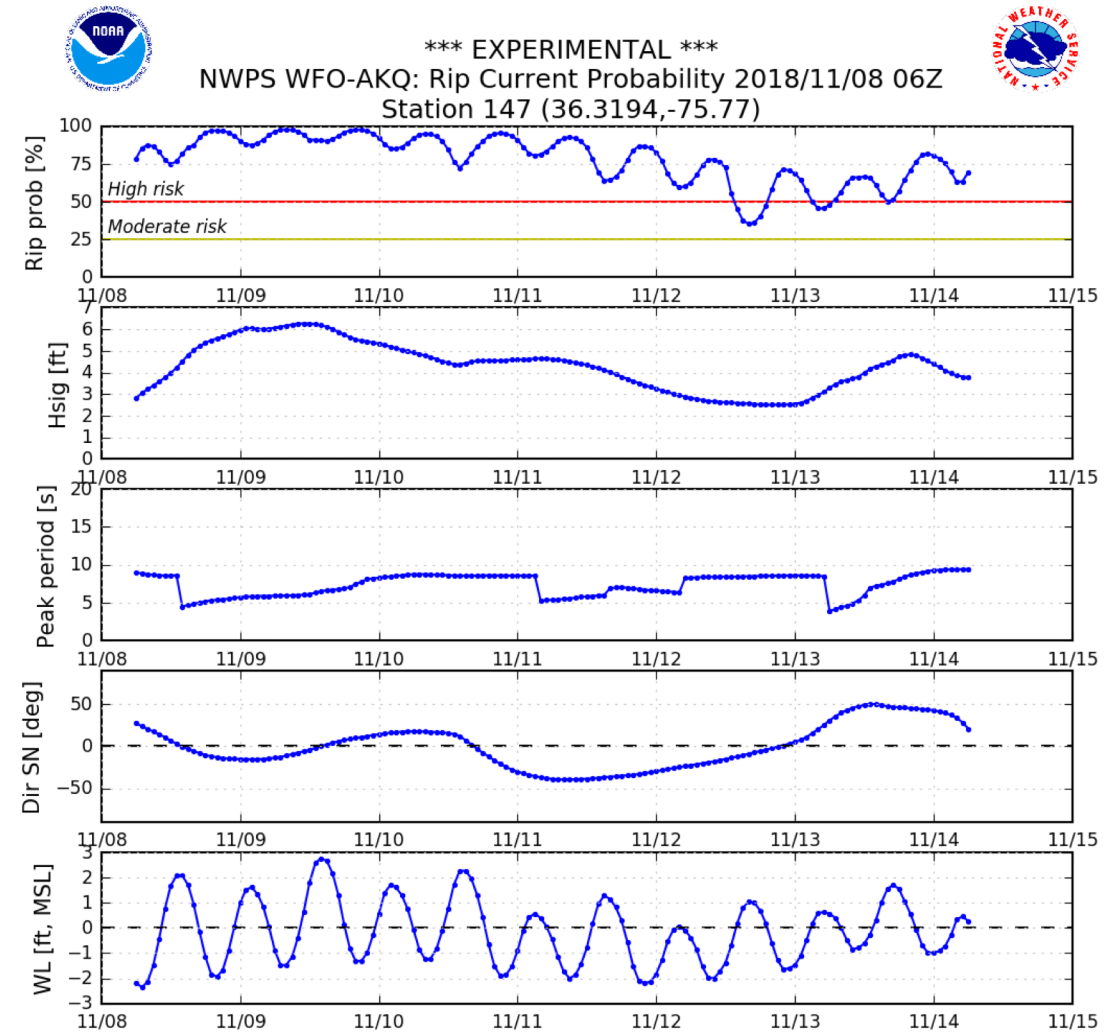
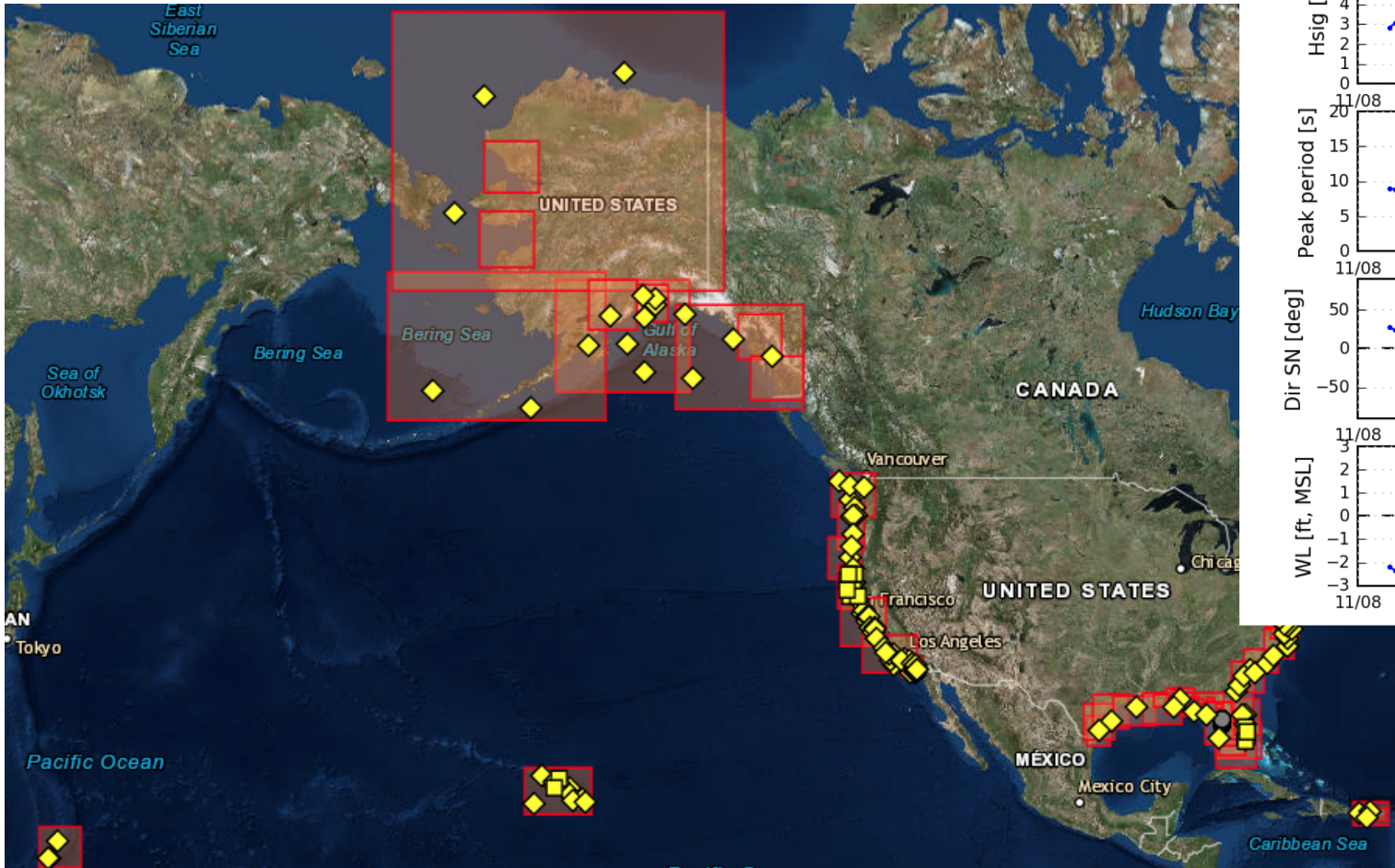
NOAA National Ocean Service

Rip currents are relatively narrow offshore directed jets of water that begin in the surf zone

Estimated over 100 drownings in the U.S. each year

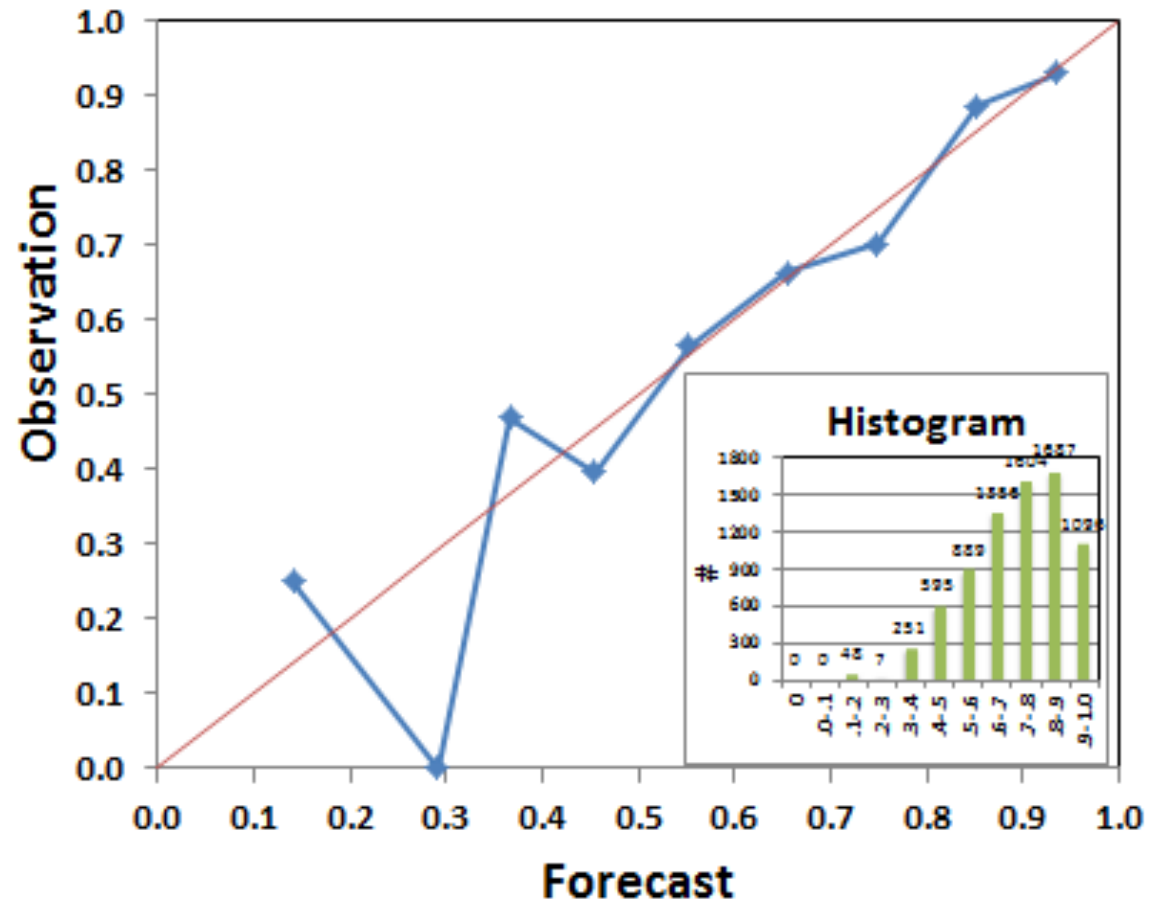


Rip current forecast model



<http://polar.ncep.noaa.gov/nwps/viewer.shtml>

Lifeguard observations for model validation



Rip current model limitations

- Observations for validation and calibration are limited
- No inclusion of surf zone bathymetry



Rip identification from web cams



Imagery for rip current identification

Simple approach

- Identify rip currents in time average imagery

Complex approach

- Particle Image Velocimetry (PIV) to observe flow magnitude

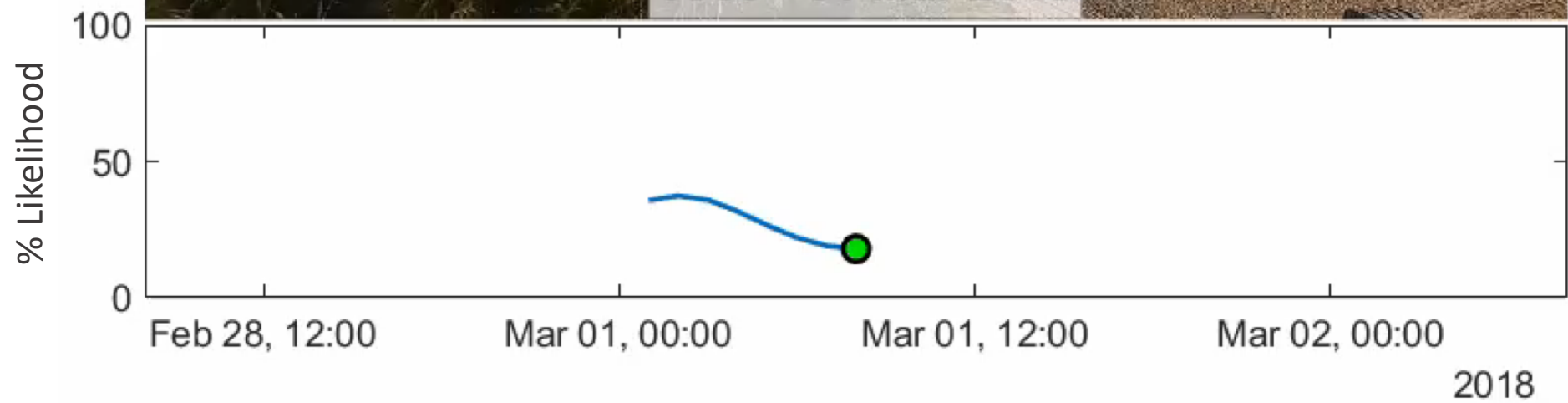
Imagery for surf zone bathymetry model inputs

Simple approach

- Qualitative estimates of bar uniformity from average imagery

Complex approach

- Use cBathy for quantitative estimates of surf zone bathymetry



Next steps

- Continue to explore Webcat imagery
- Compare Miami imagery data to lifeguard observations
- Collaborating on proposal to develop potential rip current forecast applications