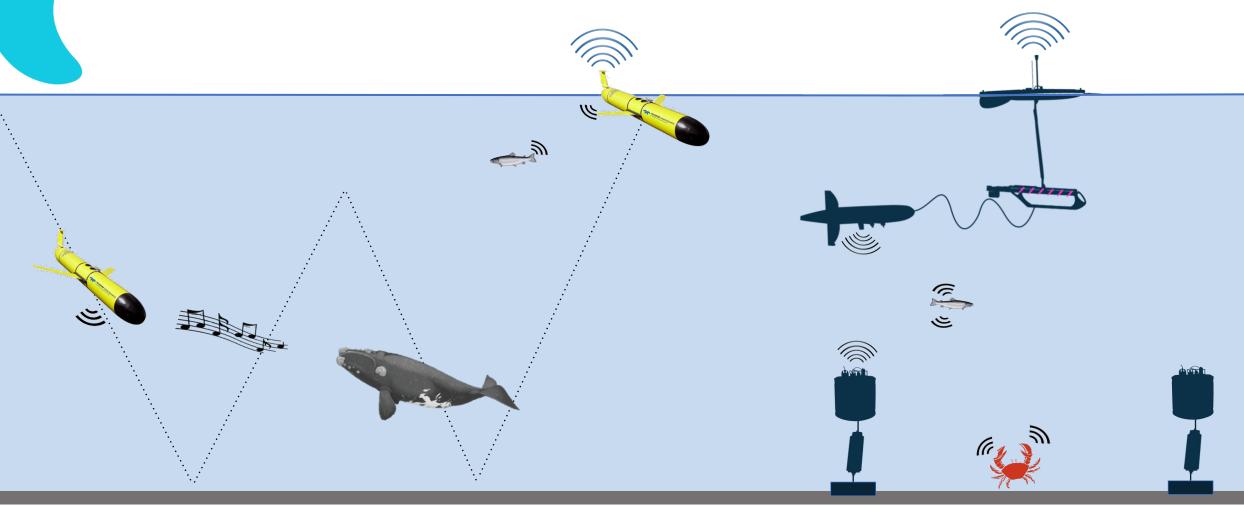


CEOTR glider whale monitoring program



CEOTR glider team

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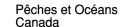








Fisheries and Oceans Canada









Protecting the North Atlantic right whale

Critically endangered species

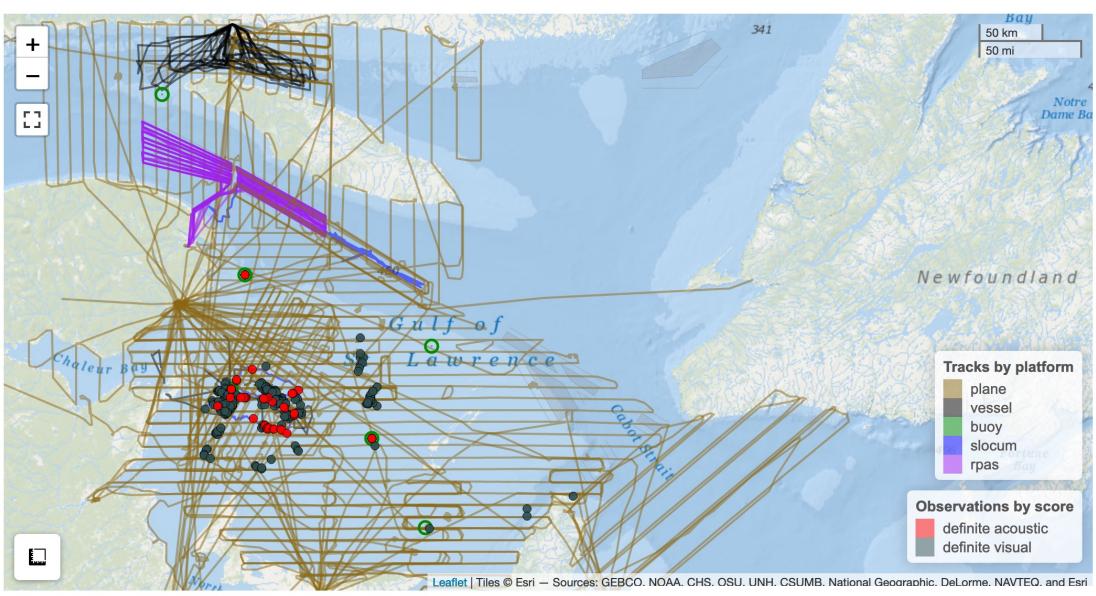
Protection measures can help industry

Monitoring methods

- Visual surveys (boats and airplanes)
- Acoustic (gliders, buoys)

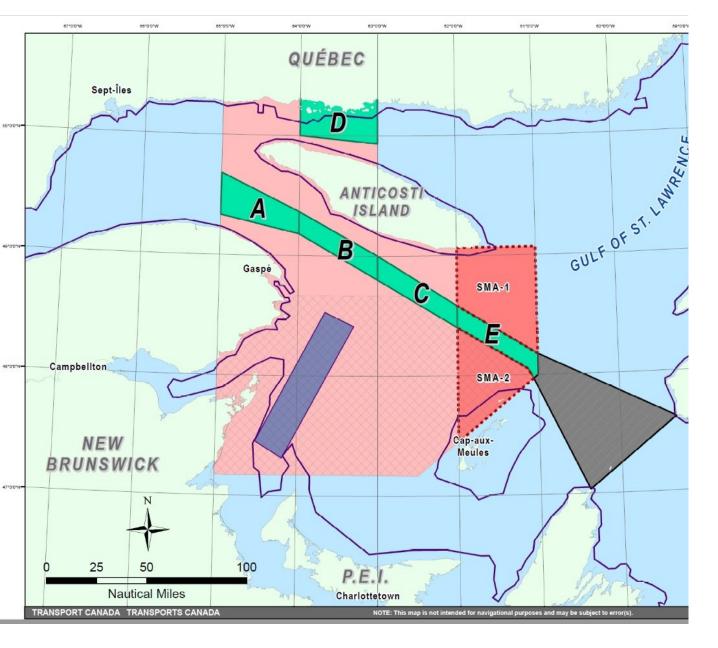


Example of monitoring effort in August 2022



These data are preliminary data, subject to change, and not to be used without permission from the co

https://whalemap.org/WhaleMap/



Dynamic shipping zone A/B/C/D/E (green)

Speed limits in shipping lanes when NARW are present

- 10 knot limit for 15 days after detection
- Speed limit if when monitoring isn't happening
- No speed limits when whales aren't detected

Voluntary slowdown zone (grey)

- Known migration route
- More exploratory

Dynamic shipping zone: zone area ~700 km² (41 by 17 km; 23 by 9 nm)

Gliders

- Using 2 gliders + spare
- Monitored for 7.5 glider months (2021)
- 8.3 glider months (2022)
- More in 2023

Slocum gliders equipped with DMON (WHOI, Baumgartner): low power consumption, low false detections

Detections are reported in near realtime when the glider surfaces, then validated by humans

Each mission last about 4 months (hopefully longer this year)



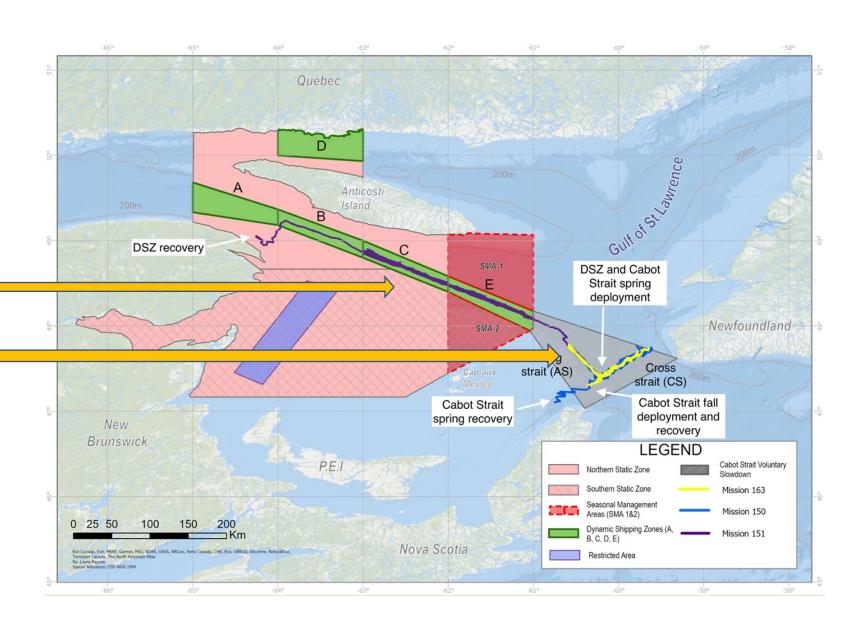
Example glider missions 2022

Dynamic shipping zones

Monitored for 113 days from April to September, had one validated NARW detection (14 in 2021)

Voluntary zone

76 day spring mission39 day fall missionNo validated NARW detections



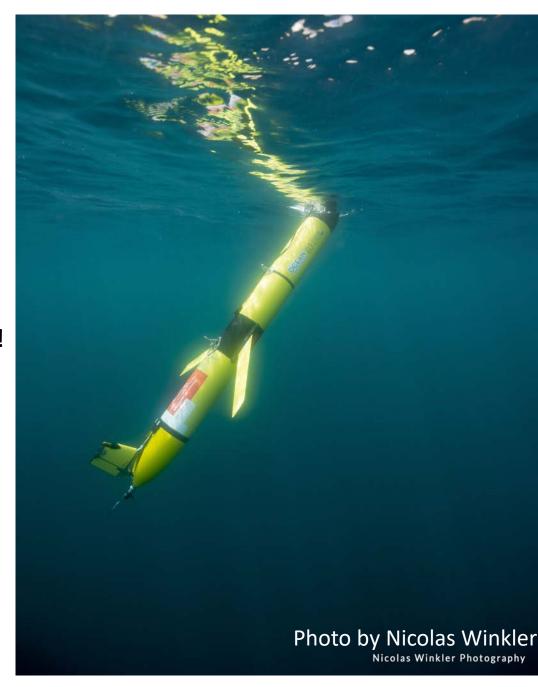
Setting up a new monitoring program

Considerations

- Define area to survey
- Identify when to monitor
- Are gliders the right tool?

What is needed?

- Gliders plus spare gliders, spare parts, spare batteries. SPARES!
- People glider pilots, glider technicians, whale experts (24/7)
 - Leverage existing glider groups
- A detection system with low false positives
 - WHOI DMON, Jasco Observer
- People to validate detections for increased confidence
- Pipeline to get detection data to appropriate authorities



What we've found

- Whales are complex animals and their behaviour can change from year to year
- Long endurance missions are ideal for constant monitoring.
- Industry can benefit from these types of monitoring programs
- Gliders are a useful tool to augment right whale monitoring programs.

